

# **Routines and Breaks**

Your child will be helped by routines at home to make their day as predictable as possible. Here are some ideas to try at home:

- Get up at around the same time every day and follow a routine, e.g. get dressed, breakfast, brush teeth
- Use pictures on Page 4 to create a visual schedule
- Make time for Intensive Interaction (see Page 5)
- Balance screen time with other activities at home set time on the iPad/tablet as part of their schedule and make sure your child gets plenty of movement breaks like trampoline, walking or yoga/exercise try Kids Workout Youtube videos to do as a family.



## **Managing Emotions**

If your child becomes upset or anxious at home, try to remember these things...



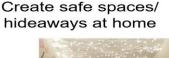
Acknowledge their feelings of **ANGER**, sadness and stress



Mirror your child's facial expression on your own face and name how they're feeling, e.g. "You look *angry*". You could also try showing them a picture of that emotion to help them understand the word (Page 6).

Try to have a selection of calming toys/activities available for your child, like their favourite sensory toys or squishy toys. You can keep them in a special bag or box at home to offer your child if he/she is becoming upset.









Your child's routine has changed so he/she may feel overwhelmed. You can create a hideaway at home – prop a blanket over some cushions to make a cosy den to retreat into.

# **Social Partner**



## **Supporting Communication**

Here are some tips to support your child's communication at home:

- Have a 'Special Time' for playing together each day. Get down to your child's level and join in with what they are doing, joining in with the sounds and actions your child makes (See the 'Intensive Interaction Leaflet' on Page 5)
- Use simple language when speaking to your child. Use gestures and signs alongside your spoken language.
- Create opportunities for your child to communicate (See 'Communication Opportunities and Strategies' on Page3).



## **Useful Links**

Here are some useful websites to check out:

- Intensive Interaction Institute for information/videos: www.intensiveinteraction.org
- Dave Hewett's Intensive Interaction Youtube channel: <u>https://www.youtube.com/user/III209/featured</u>
- Twinkl has free printable visual supports to use at home: <u>https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resources/specialeducationalneeds-sen</u>
- Gina Davies' Attention Autism Youtube channel: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCPPw7Ij3k2Zhe19Fb3CO-ag</u>
- Pinterest for 'sensory play' and 'messy play' ideas you can make with ingredients at home, or check out <a href="https://yourkidstable.com/messy-play/">https://yourkidstable.com/messy-play/</a>



# COMMUNICATION OPPORTUNITIES AND STRATEGIES

#### SABOTAGE AND THE POWER OF WAITING

Try putting your child's favourite toys or snacks out of reach but within view (e.g. bubbles on top shelf) or in a clear, hard to open container. <u>Wait</u> for your child to show you they want it – this could be by looking at you, pulling your hand towards it, giving the container or pushing it towards you, for example. Accept any and all forms of communication! Waiting is one of the most powerful strategies for encouraging communication, especially for students with ASD who need extra time to think.



**Social Partner** 

If your child uses a word, repeat it back and add on one more. For example, if he/she says "biscuit", you can say "*want* biscuit". This lets your child know you've heard and understood, and also gives them a model of the next step how two words join together.



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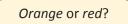
#### **CAPTURE ATTENTION**

Have fun together by having a go at (or watching) some of the attention-building activities on Gina Davies Autism Centre Youtube channel:

https://www.youtube.com/chann el/UCPPw7lj3k2Zhe19Fb3COag



#### **OFFER CHOICES**





#### **PEOPLE GAMES AND SINGING**

# the story into the 'here and now'.

Use props when you read books to bring



Use 'people toys' (e.g., bubbles, wind-up toys) where your child needs to involve another person to use the toy.

Make yourself the game by singing nursery rhymes, pausing and waiting for your child to indicate they want more (e.g., by looking at you, tapping your leg, pulling your hand or making a sound) before you continue. Remember, if they say a word, repeat it back and add on one more!

Make a song bag! Find or make different household objects to represent songs your child enjoys (e.g. tinfoil star for Twinkle Twinkle) and put them in a bag. Take turns pulling the items out of the bag and



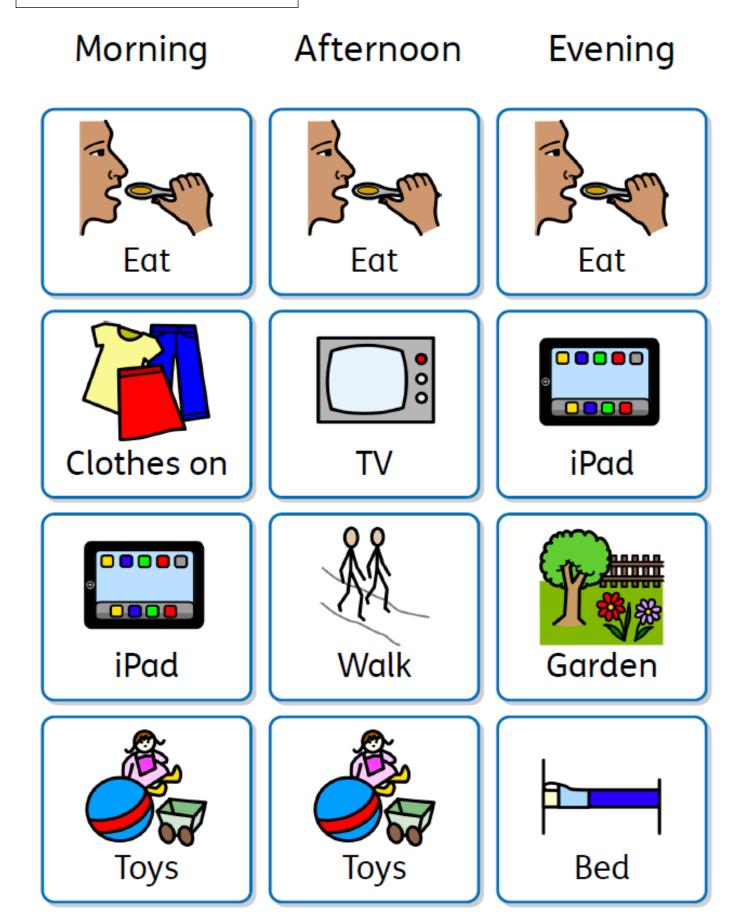
Offer your child choices during natural routines, even if you already know which one they want. This could be a choice of juice or milk at mealtimes, or train or car at playtime, for example. Hold up and name each item as you give the choice.

This gives your child an opportunity to communicate what they want by reaching, looking, pointing, repeating the word etc. If you have made a song bag, you can show them two items and ask them to choose what song they want!

If your child uses words, remember to repeat back what they've said and add on one more, e.g. if he/she says "give juice", you can say "Yes, *Mummy* give juice"







# **Social Partner**



# Intensiv Interaction

#### What is Intensive Interaction?

A way to interact with your child that helps them to use the 'building blocks' of communication, such as eye contact, taking turns, sharing enjoyment and emotions. It's a way of having fun with your child that shows him/her how valuable and enjoyable communicating can be!

Intensive Interaction Techniques:

One-to-one time - find time and a place to play with your child.

Get down to your child's level - position yourself at his/her eye level.

Tune in -to your child's body language, movements, gesture, facial expression and voice.



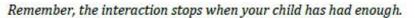
<u>Hold back</u> – go slowly and pause and wait longer to allow your child to take the lead in the interaction.

<u>**Respond</u>** – respond to what your child did by joining in with them and imitating (e.g., if they enjoy spinning bottle lids, spin bottle lids with them). \*Only join in with/imitate behaviours that you feel comfortable with and that are</u>

<u>Be available</u> – be relaxed and show with your body language and facial expression that you are interested in what your child does.

safe.

Shared enjoyment - expect to enjoy yourself!



Where can I find more information?



PouTube GB



Dave Hewett 770 subscribers



Newham London

Language, Communication and Interaction Service, 2020





#### Emotions key ring:

