

Star Primary School Relationships, sex and health education policy (from 2022)

Approved by:	Date:
ast reviewed on:	
Next review due by:	

Contents

1. Aims	3
2. Statutory requirements	3
3. Policy development	4
4. Definition	4
5. Curriculum	5
6. Delivery of RSHE	5
7. Roles and responsibilities	6
8. Parents' right to withdraw	7
9. Training	7
10. Monitoring arrangements	7
Appendix 1: Curriculum map	8
Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know	9
Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school pupils should know	11
Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSHE	14

Introduction:

This document sets the policy on Relationship, Sex and Health Education Policy at Star Primary School. It includes: discussions on what makes sex and relationship education in a primary school; the consideration of morals and values; the perspectives of faith and culture; the incorporation of specific issue statements; sensitivity and confidentiality; the provision for inclusivity and equal opportunity; and working in partnership with parents and outside agencies. This policy is based on the consultations and framework of the London Borough of Newham.

In preparing children for life in modern Britain, at Star Primary School we are committed to giving all our pupils consistent messages about all aspects of health to help them understand the impact of particular behaviours, and encourage them to take responsibility for the choices they make.

1. Aims

The aims of relationships, sex and health education (RSHE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

As a rights respecting school we value and respect all members of our community and this is demonstrated through all of our curriculum.

2. Statutory requirements

Star Primary School

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children and Social work act 2017</u>.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSHE, we must have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996</u>.

The school is also guided by the Education Act 2002, Children Act 2004, Equality Duty 2010 and Keeping Children Safe in Education – September 2016. This document draws from guidance from Sex and Relationship Guidance (DfEE, 2000), Sex and Relationships (SRE) for the 21st Century: Supplementary Advise to the Sex and relationship Education Guidance [DfEE 2000] (2014), Sex Education Forum and the Healthy Schools Programme.

To gain a broader understanding this policy can be read alongside other policies such as Equality Duty, Health and Safety, Personal, Social, Health, Citizenship and Economic Education (PSHCE), Safeguarding, Behaviour, Supporting Children with Medical Needs, Anti-Bullying and Sex and Relationship Education.

At Star Primary School we teach RSHE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

Star Primary follows the guidance as set out by our local authority, the London Borough of Newham and incorporated into Star Primary School's policy.

The policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps within the London Borough of Newham:

- a. Review a member of staff pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- b. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations

- c. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to look at the curriculum and the policy
- d. Google Form sent to parents
- e. Yearly PIM meetings
- f. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSHE
- g. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified
- h. Agenda for every governor meeting; review and discuss any changes to the policy

4. Definition

RSHE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSHE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSHE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with Newham parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- · Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSHE

RSHE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSHE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE), PE (Healthy Eating) and ICT (Online Safety).

The majority of Star Primary's RSHE curriculum is delivered through the Happy Centred Schools curriculum. The topics are:

Autumn 1 Positive Relationships (1-6)

Autumn 2 Positive relationships (7-12)

Spring 1 Coping skills

Spring 2 Achievement and Success

Summer 1 Self Confidence

Summer 2 Support

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

• Families and people who care for me

- Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- Being safe

For more information about our RSHE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSHE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSHE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-science components of RSHE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSHE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSHE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-science components of RSHE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSHE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSHE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSHE and, when discussing issues related to RSHE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSHE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSHE as part of their induction and it is included in our staff's continuous professional development.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSHE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSHE is monitored by RSHE coordinator, Sadhbh McDaid through:

- Planning scrutinies
- Learning walks/lesson observations
- Book monitoring
- Parents/staff/children surveys

Pupils' development in RSHE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the RSHE coordinator annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by Dianne Tatnell, Chair of governors and the headteacher.

Relationships and sex education curriculum map

YEAR GROUP	TERM	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
GROOF			
EYFS	Autumn 1	Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships	
		Positive Relationships	
		1. Understanding how we belong to the school	The family book
		family 2. Knowing which ways in which we can understand how others are feeling and why this	A handful of buttons - both about families; do have a page on LGBT (two moms or two dads)
		is important 3. Knowing why it is important to laugh and have fun together	
		4. Understanding why it can be good to play with people that we don't usually play with	
		 Understanding how others feel when we say thank you, give them a present; also, how we feel when we do that 	
		 Assessment: Explaining what we have done at home to have better relationships with our family 	
	Autumn 2	7. Understanding what is and isn't friendly behaviour	
	(New lessons)	8. I hinking about how well we know different people and how we might react if we don't know	
		people well9. Thinking about when we win and lose games - in the playground and online	
		10. Understanding what to do if we see something that doesn't look right on our electronic device	
		 Understanding that all families are similar in some ways and different in others Thinking about how we choose our friends and 	
		how we grow our friendship circle	
	Spring 1	Coping Skills	
		1. Identifying great and not-so-great feelings and who we would go to for help with our feelings	
		 Understanding that, by doing something different with our bodies, we can improve how we feel 	
		 Understanding that, by changing what we say and how we say it, we can cope better when we can't do something 	
		4. Reflecting on places that make us worry and what we can do to cope the next time that we're	
		there, e.g. crossing the road5. Making a collage of happy things and practising visualising this if we don't feel calm or relaxed	

		 Assessment: Thinking of the coping skills we have used to move nearer to achieving a personal goal
	Spring 2	 Achievement and Success 1. Reflecting on previous achievements and things that we can't do yet 2. Understanding that some goals can be achieved
		 quickly/when we are young and others take longer 3. Working as a team to achieve a class goal 4. Working as a group to achieve a goal - turn taking, helping each other 5. Talking through personal goals with older mentors/acting on advice 6. Assessment: Reflecting on whether or not we
		have achieved our home goal Self-Confidence
	Summer 1	 Recognising what confidence looks like - facial expressions Understanding how we can become more confident - through trying Knowing what we can do when we want to give up - keep going Knowing what we can do when we find things tricky - ask others, use technology, look around the room Recognising confidence in others - facial expressions, body language Assessment: Explaining how personal, confidence has grown at home and school
	Summer 2	 Support 1. Thinking about the help and support we need and why we need it 2. Practising listening and being heard 3. Understanding why it is important to listen carefully to others and the things that might distract us 4. Thinking about people who support us at home and in the community 5. Understanding that we all matter and make a difference 6. Assessment: Explaining what we have done to improve our listening at home
rear 1		Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships
	Autumn 1	 Positive Relationships 1. Reflecting on how others see us and the reasons why we think this 2. Thinking of ways in which we would help someone who was upset

	 Thinking about our roles in relationships and how we can resolve conflict
	 Identifying conflict in a story and the thoughts and feelings that this brings about
	5. Understanding why it is important to recognise
	what others do for us 6. Assessment:Identifying ways in which a friend
Autumn 2	adds to the positive relationships within the class
(New lessons)	7. Understanding ways in which we can ask for
(,	help and then act on the advice that we're given8. Understanding what secrets are and when it is
	okay to keep a secret
	 Thinking about who can help us, if we see something on our electronic device that doesn't
	look right
	10. Understanding which information we should and shouldn't share online and how to spot a
	stranger Families, families, families -
	11. Considering what is special about each of our families have a page on LGBT (two nor two dads)
	12. Understanding that people might make mistakes about us if they don't know us
Coring 1	
Spring 1	Coping Skills Why so sad brown rabbit? by
	 Identifying different feelings, whether they are big or little and whether or not we might need help with them Identifying different feelings, whether they are sad and alone/finds a family
	2. Understanding how we can identify our own
	feelings and that, evene pretending to be in a positive mood, can help us to feel better
	3. Identifying parts of the school day when we don't
	feel as positive, and what we can do to feel better
	4. Identifying things that make us laugh or smile
	and practising recalling these to help us cope in tricky situations
	Understanding that we all worry but that there are lots of solutions to different worries
	6. Assessment: Identifying the different tricky
	situations that we might be in and the best people to help us in each one
	Achievement and Success
Spring 2	
Spring 2	1. Creating a timeline to show achievements in our
Spring 2	
Spring 2	 Creating a timeline to show achievements in our lives so far Thinking about ambitions of the future and how these might be achieved
Spring 2	 Creating a timeline to show achievements in our lives so far Thinking about ambitions of the future and how these might be achieved Understanding the importance of speaking positively about challenges
Spring 2	 Creating a timeline to show achievements in our lives so far Thinking about ambitions of the future and how these might be achieved Understanding the importance of speaking positively about challenges Understanding why we shouldn't always settle
Spring 2	 Creating a timeline to show achievements in our lives so far Thinking about ambitions of the future and how these might be achieved Understanding the importance of speaking positively about challenges

	 Assessment: Identifying the thoughts and words that we use when we are working to achieve a goal
Summer 1	 Self-Confidence An emotional menagerie - difference Identifying activities in which we have low, medium or high levels of confidence Identifying who can support us to have a 'can-do' attitude
	 Understanding why it's important to become more independent Understanding the role we can play in completing a team challenge Completing tasks without the help of a grown-up - 4B's Assessment: Identifying how we have become more independent
Summer 2	Support Understanding the different types of support and why these are important
	 Understanding what makes a good discussion, in which everyone is able to speak and be heard Identifying people who support us and how they do this Understanding different emotions in others and ways in which we can give appropriate support through our reactions Practising asking for help/support and being supportive
Year 2	6. Assessment: Identifying ways in which we can listen without whole body Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships
Autumn 1	 Positive Relationships Thinking about others' feelings and thoughts when they are left out and what we can do to help Devising a plan to welcome a new person to the class and make them feel comfortable Thinking about our own and others' strengths and why these are important to help the whole class have a sense of belonging Identifying potential reasons for conflict and ways in which these could be resolved Identifying our most positive relationships and what makes these so Assessment: Identifying ways in which a classmate adds to the positive relationships within the school

Autumn 2	7. Knowing which parts of our bodies are private - Some secrets should not be k
(New lessons)) the underwear rule - safe/unsafe secrets
	 8. Understanding what secrets are and when it's not okay to keep them
	9. Understanding that not everything on the internet
	is true and some of the ways we can tell
	10. Understanding how easy it is to spread fake Who's in a family? do have a
	news
	11. Researching what families around the world look dads)
	like
	12. Understanding that we might make mistakes
	about other people, if we don't know them or ask questions
Spring 1	Coping Skills
	1. Understanding what makes some situations
	trickier than others
	2. Listing a range of coping techniques that we can
	use, and understanding why, in certain situations, some are better than others
	3. Understanding why it is important to have good
	coping skills and what a Superhero would say to
	help them cope
	4. Understanding the attributes of someone who
	copes well and helps others to cope
	5. Practising coping strategies when someone is
	giving you constructive criticism/feedback -
	understanding that this should be viewed as helpful
	6. Assessment: Identifying the coping strategies
	that we can use and what we would look like, be
	saying
Spring 2	Achievement and Success
-13 -	Achievement and Success
5	1. Identifying our latest achievements and how we
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful
- Fring -	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task
- F 3 -	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task Assessment: Explaining to other people how to be successful
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task Assessment: Explaining to other people how to be successful
Summer 1	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task Assessment: Explaining to other people how to be successful Self-Confidence Understanding how others see us
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task Assessment: Explaining to other people how to be successful Self-Confidence Understanding how others see us Understanding how we can help others to
	 Identifying our latest achievements and how we ensure that we were successful Identifying step-by-step actions to achieve a personal goal Thinking about famous failures and the potential consequences of giving up Identifying the mutual benefits of helping others to succeed/seeking the support of others to help us Comparing the success rates of one person individually, and the team, doing the same task Assessment: Explaining to other people how to be successful Self-Confidence Understanding how others see us

		 Understanding the benefits of working in a team/on our own when faced with a challenge Setting personal targets to complete a challenge Assessment: Assessing personal progress on a learning journey - including levels of confidence and independence
	Summer 2	 Support Understanding different types of support and the difference between getting support and not, when you need it Using the TALK model to identify whether or not we need help, and applying it to get support from an appropriate person Practising listening to other people's opinions, giving our own thought and managing disagreements Identifying the different types of support that we get and give Understanding that it can be difficult to ask for help and what we can do to support people who find this tricky Assessment: Reflecting on how we have used the TALK model to gain support recently
Year 3	Autumn 1	 Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships Positive Relationships Reflecting on the things that make a relationship positive - having fun, giving each other positive, supportive feedback Thinking about our role in creating positive relationship in school - what makes people friendly or not Making plans to problem solve and resolve conflict, to create more positive relationships Further understanding why everyone needs to have positive relationships Thinking about ways in which we feel we belong, in different areas of our lives Assessment: Identifying ways in which a member of our family adds to the positive relationship at home
	Autumn 2 (New lessons)	 7. Understanding what privacy is for children and adults, and why it is important 8. Understanding how we can respond safely to adults that we don't know 9. Identifying the risks of online activity and how we can keep ourselves safe 10. Thinking about the information and data about us, that is online

	11. Understanding that every family is unique and
	special and that we should respect other people's families
	12. Understanding what stereotypes are, and how
	we can challenge these
Spring 1	
	Coping Skills
	1. Considering how learning to cope will help us
	with our bounce-back-ability 2. Creating coping cubes as a strategy to motivate
	us when we are struggling
	3. Understanding how personal mantras can help
	people to cope
	 Identifying times when we cope less well and thinking of a personal mantra to overcome this
	5. Thinking of ways in which we can help others
	cope better, by suggesting changes they can
	make to their behaviours, actions and body
	6. Assessment: Thinking about the advice we can
	give to others when it seems they aren't coping
Spring 2	
	Achievement and Success
	1. Understanding what achievement and success are
	2. Understanding the role that we can play in
	helping others to achieve success - being
	encouraging, giving advice, praising and
	celebrating 3. Understanding how Paralympians can be
	supported to achieve great things, e.g. through
	specialist equipment, through the help of others
	4. Identifying some of the barriers to being
	successful and ways to overcome them 5. Understanding some of the ways in which we
	can success as a team - letting others speak,
	taking turns, being an effective communicator Made by Raffi - Craig Pome
	6. Assessment: Creating a piece of drama that shy boy who doesn't like no
a 4	snows now we can achieve and succeed games; learns to knit; make prince's costume
Summer 1	prince's costume
	Self-Confidence
	1. Identifying what confidence means to us
	2. Knowing how our body language can show that
	we are confident 3. Recognising a 'can-do' attitude in others - how
	people overcome setbacks
	4. Having a 'can-do' attitude and pushing ourselves
	to complete a challenge
	5. Becoming increasingly independent - suing dictionaries, electronic devices and reference
	OCODIALIES ELECTIONIC DEVICES AND TELETEDCE
	6. Assessment: Identifying words and phrases that
	books

	Summer 2	Support
		 Understanding how we feel when we are working in a team and either are or aren't being supportive Recognising times and situations when we need support - when we're feeling lonely or angry or upset Reflecting on the current support that we get and give at school - people's words and actions e.g. being a play leader, listening to a younger child read Understanding that different people can offer different types of support, depending on the situation or problem - being more selective in who we might approach Evaluating how successfully we can work in a team and how supportive we are of other people Assessment: Evaluating whether or not we have been better at approaching the right people to ask for support recently
Year 4		Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships
	Autumn 1	 Positive Relationships Understanding the importance of fun and laughter in positive relationships - both physically and emotionally Identifying different activities that require us to work as a team and attributes that help us do this successfully Thinking about how we form positive relationships, when we're not sure what the other person or activity needs Thinking about our role in forming and maintaining positive relationships - what can we do and say to be a good friend Becoming better at noticing when others may need help, and paying attention to other people's needs Assessment: Identifying ways in which different adults add to the positive relationships at school
	Autumn 2 (New lessons)	 Understanding that there are boundaries within friendships Understanding ways in which we can and should show respect for people online, including when we're anonymous Thinking about ways in which people might behave differently online and what we should do if we have concerns Thinking about ways in which families may be different - including civil partnerships, step parents, single parent families

	 11. Understanding what appropriate physical contact Stella brings the family - livi between people is 12. Understanding how being stereotyped might make people feel
Spring 1	Coping Skills
	 Identifying how we feel when we are coping well Understanding how physical exercise can help us to cope - breathing in a calm way, power posing Practising mindfulness as a strategy to help us cope Better understanding the physical signs that we display when we are not coping well Thinking of ways in which we can help others cope better by accepting someone else's decision, by walking away from potential conflict, by showing patience Assessment: Pulling strategies into place when we are working under pressure
	Achievement and Success
Spring 2	 Using an achievement graph to identify recent class and personal achievements Developing a plan to achieve future success Understanding the importance of being resilient, not giving up and overcoming difficulties Understanding why it is important to fail, in order to be successful Understanding some of the ways in which we can success as a team - making good personal contributions, letting everyone have a go, distributing tasks fairly Assessment: Creating a song which explains to others how to be successful
Summer 1	Self-Confidence
	 Explaining why we are awesome - using the '5 whys' to encourage deeper thinking Using our body language to show that we are confident Understanding how others can develop a 'can-do' attitude through planning Settling personal targets and pushing ourselves to complete a challenge Setting others challenges to complete independently Assessment: Creating a chant, to show how we have become more independent
Summer 2	Support
	 Thinking about different types of support - including physical, emotional, social

		 Creating a toolkit of things that we might need, when asking someone for support - brain to think the problem through, paper to write the problem on Thinking about how we can get our opinion across to gain support and how we can be influenced by what others say to give support Reflecting on the current support that we get from and give to our family - people's words and actions, e.g. helping a sibling with their homework, clearing the table Comparing good support and bad support - what can we do to make others feel better, and what are the things that we might do to make them feel worse Assessment: Reflecting on the tools that we have developed and need to develop further, at home and ay school, to give and gain great support
Vacr		Bighte Deenceting
Year 5		Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships
	Autumn 1	Positive Relationships
		1. Understanding the importance of having fun and
		laughter with teammates - how we release chemicals, which make us feel more positive
		2. Considering why positive relationships are are
		so important in the workplace 3. Debating whether happiness and love are more
		or less important than material possessions
		4. Thinking about the role that trust and mutual
		respect play in positive relationships 5. Assessing the attributes that we have against
		specific job roles to see how well we are suited
		to them 6. Assessment: Identifying ways in which an adult
		in the community adds to the positive feeling of
		our local area
	Autume 0	7 Understanding what appropriate contact is and
	Autumn 2 (New lessons)	Understanding what appropriate contact is, and what to do if we think something is inappropriate
		and unsafe
		 Recognising if a friend is unsafe and what we can do to help them
		9. Knowing which kinds of things are and are not
		appropriate to say online All about Families 10. Better understanding how we can build positive Great Big Book of Families
		online relationships
		11. Understanding ways in which we can show respect for families that are different to our own
		12. Understanding what unconscious bias is differences
	la	Coping Skills
	Spring 1	1. Understanding how to put things into perspective

	2. Creating our own mindfulness scripts and
	techniques to help us cope
	3. Understanding how developing a growth mindset
	approach will help us to cope better
	 Understanding the brain and its impact on how we cope
	 Practising using positive visualisation as a strategy to help us cope with challenging
	situations
	6. Assessment: Devising our personal coping plans
Spring 2	Achievement and Success
opinig 2	1. Understanding that goals can be set in order to
	achieve success - using the SMART model
	2. setting individual SMART targets with steps to
	success and milestones
	 Understanding that we can use the success of others to think more creatively, and achieve
	more, ourselves
	4. Understanding that, in order to achieve success
	as a team, we may have to overcome a range of
	emotions - frustration, pressured by lack of time,
	5. Recognising ways in which we can build
	personal resilience - having a fierce work ethic,
	knowing that we need to practise, wanting to
	make a difference
	6. Assessment: Creating a script which explains to
	others how to be successful
Summer 1	
Guinner	Self-Confidence
1	
	1. Understanding what confidence means to us -
	 Understanding what confidence means to us - using the confidence meter and confidence
	using the confidence meter and confidence wheel
	using the confidence meter and confidence wheel 2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to
	using the confidence meter and confidence wheel2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel 2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future 3. Understanding how confident body language can
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel 2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future 3. Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel 2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future 3. Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel 2. Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future 3. Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs 4. Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the effect of mind chatter, selftalk and limiting
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the
	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the effect of mind chatter, selftalk and limiting
Summer 2	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the effect of mind chatter, selftalk and limiting
Summer 2	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the effect of mind chatter, selftalk and limiting beliefs on my achievements
Summer 2	 using the confidence meter and confidence wheel Identifying what we need to be doing now, to become more confident in the future Understanding how confident body language can help us to be successful - overcoming negative mind chatter and limiting beliefs Developing positive mind chatter and self-talk to rise to a challenge Recognising that confidence comes from becoming increasingly dependent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self help techniques Assessment: Showing that I understand the effect of mind chatter, selftalk and limiting

			I
			Hair in Funny Places - Babette Cole - pubert
Year 6 Au	I	 Rights Respecting First 6 lessons of Positive Relationships Positive Relationships Better understanding the importance of having fun and laughter with teammates - how we release chemicals, which make us feel more positive, boost our immune system, relax the whole body, reduce stress Considering how we would feel if we kept helping people and being kind, but did not receive any gratitude Thinking about a job we would like to have when we grow up how well suited we are to it and areas e can work on to become even better suited Looking forward to the future and writing a job application that reflects the type of person we have become and our positive attributes Reflecting on positive attributes of others - what kind of a person do you need to be to make a difference in a school Assessment: Understanding the importance of showing gratitude and ways in which we can do this 	

Autumn 2	7 Understanding the hour deriver are put in
(New lessons)	 Understanding the boundaries we can put in place to keep ourselves safe
(1400 10330113)	8. Knowing who to get advice from if we/our friends
	feel unsafe
	9. Understanding the impact of online behaviours
	on our wellbeing 10. Understanding the difference between sharing
	data online and sharing it in person
	11. Understanding what language is/isn't appropriate
	when describing our own/others' families
	12. Better understanding how to be aware of our own unconscious biases and how to challenge
	these
Spring 1	Coping Skills
opinig i	1. Understanding frustration, and the behaviours
	associated with it 2. Better understanding of the brain and its impact
	on how we cope and manage challenging
	situations
	 Understanding how we can help others to cope, by sharing what we know about the brain
	 Thinking about secondary transition - our worries
	and potential solutions
	5. Further understanding how our imaginations do
	or don't help us to cope, and how positive visualisation can be used successfully
	6. Assessment: Thinking about the advice we will
	give to our future selves, about coping
	Achievement and Success
Spring 2	1. Understanding that success isn't just about
	sporting or academic achievement We can also
	become more successful personally, socially and emotionally
	2. Setting individual personal, social and emotional
	SMART targets
	 Understanding that we can learn from others' success when developing a business plan
	 Putting the previous session's plans into practice
	and recognising how we can learn from and
	overcome failure 5. Understanding the importance of not settling for
	our first attempt, if we want to be the most
	successful that we can be
	6. Assessment: Giving a speech to motivate and inspire others to be successful
	inspire others to be successful
Summer 1	Self-Confidence
	 Thinking of ways in which we can be confident in the future - using the '5 hows' to encourage
	deeper thinking
	 deeper thinking 2. Creating pep talks - to encourage us to be confident and awesome in the future

	 Further understanding how self-talk, positive mind chatter and team togetherness can help to overcome a challenge Considering our personal best when completing a challenge and understanding the importance of intrinsic rewards Recognising that confidence comes from: becoming increasingly independent, being a self-starter, thinking creatively, analysing situations and using self-help techniques. Also understanding that there are times when an adult must be involved if someone's safety is at risk Assessment: Creating Top Tips to be used in the future at times when we need to be self-confident
0	Sen-connuent
Summer 2	Support
	1. Understanding how people in the wider
	community give and gain support
	 Thinking about how we can give support to people who may be too shy or embarrassed to ask
	 Making a personal plan to volunteer in the community - thinking about how we will keep
	ourselves safe while doing this 4. Thinking about whether or not we could/should
	support others, even if we disagree with them
	 5. Better understanding the foundations of how to become a more supportive person - giving thoughtful feedback, being happy for others, and
	a good loser
	6. Assessment: Evaluating how we have done
	against our personal targets to give support to the local community
	Sex Education Lessons
	Sex Education Lessons 1. Puberty 2. How babies are made and born
	Sex Education Lessons Puberty How babies are made and born Understanding relationships Newham scheme and DVD
	Sex Education Lessons 1. Puberty 2. How babies are made and born

Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and people who care about me	 That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care What language to use when describing their own and others' families and how to ask questions in a respectful way That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up That marriage/civil partnerships represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring friendships	 How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations, how to seek help or advice from others, if needed and who to seek advice from in different situations
Respectful relationships	 What a positive relationship looks like The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships The conventions of courtesy and manners The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive What unconscious bias is and how to challenge it in ourselves and others

	• The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online relationships	 That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	 The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	 How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	 How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	 What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	 About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	 That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	 How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	• How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	• How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	 Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

Secondary schools insert: This is not taught by us at Star; this is what they will learn in secondary school.

Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school pupils should know

ΤΟΡΙϹ	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families	 That there are different types of committed, stable relationships How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children What marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed

Respectful relationships, including friendships	 The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or
	support respectful relationships
	 How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs
	 About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help
	 That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control
	 What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable
	• The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal
Online and media	 Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online
	 About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online
	 Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them
	 What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online
	 The impact of viewing harmful content
	 That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners
	• That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail
	 How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online
Being safe	• The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships
	• How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)

 How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship
• That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing
 The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women
 That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others
 That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex
• The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available
 The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage
 That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)
 How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing
• About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment
 How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour
 How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment

Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSHE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdra	wing from sex education within	ı relationship	os and sex education
Any other information	on you would like the school to	consider	
Parent signature			

TO BE COMPLE	TED BY THE SCHOOL
Agreed actions from discussion with parents	Include notes from discussions with parents and agreed actions taken.
	Any children who are withdrawn from sex education lessons, will be placed in another class during this time and will have work provided for them to compelte.